Key findings

Child Mortality and Social Deprivation
April 2019 to March 2020





CLEAR ASSOCIATION between RISK OF DEATH

and level of **DEPRIVATION** (all categories except malignancy)



Relative 10% INCREASE in RISK OF DEATH

between each decile of increasing deprivation (on average)



>1 in 5 CHILD DEATHS might be AVOIDED

if children living in most the deprived areas had the same mortality risk as those living in the least deprived



INCREASED PROPORTION of deaths with modifiable contributory factors with INCREASING DEPRIVATION



1 in 12 CHILD DEATHS reviewed in 2019/20 identified 1 OR MORE factors related to DEPRIVATION



EXEMPLAR PROJECTS highlighting strategies informed by

recurring themes and local learning to REDUCE MORTALITY

RECOMMENDATION

Use the data in this report to DEVELOP and MONITOR the IMPACT of future strategies to REDUCE SOCIAL DEPRIVATION and INEQUALITIES

ACTION BY: Policy Makers, Public Health Services, Service Planners and Commissioners at local and national level

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