

Report and Accounts

31 March 2013

Company Limited by Guarantee Registration Number 06498947 (England and Wales) Charity Registration Number 1127049

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Legal and administrative information

Trustees Ms Janet Davies (Chair)

Mr Richard Driscoll

Mr Tim Golbourn (Treasurer) Mr Alastair Henderson

Ms Anne Keatley-Clarke

Dr Imran Rafi Dr Kevin Stewart

Mr Jeremy Taylor (Vice-Chair)

Chief Executive Ms Jane Ingham

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Company registration number 6498947 (England and Wales)

Charity registration number 1127049

Auditor Buzzacott LLP

130 Wood Street

London EC2V 6DL

Bankers Lloyds TSB Plc

39 Threadneedle Street

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Solicitors Cameron's Solicitors LLP

70 Wimpole Street

London W1G 8AX

Trustees' report Year to 31 March 2013

The trustees, who are also the directors for the purposes of the Companies Act, present their statutory report together with the financial statements of Healthcare Quality Improvement Partnership (HQIP) for the year ended 31 March 2013.

The report has been prepared in accordance with Part VIII of the Charities Act 2011 and is also a directors' report for the purposes of the Companies Act 2006 and other company legislation.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies set out on pages 21 to 23 of the attached financial statements and comply with the charitable company's memorandum and articles of association, applicable laws and the requirements of the Statement of Recommended Practice on 'Accounting and Reporting by Charities' (SORP 2005).

Structure, governance and management

Governance

HQIP is a company limited by guarantee, Company Registration No. 6498947 incorporated on 11 February 2008. It was subsequently registered for charitable purposes with the Charity Commission for England and Wales on 4 December 2008 and placed on the Central Register of Charities under number 1127049. Its members comprise a consortium of three organisations who are individually the members of HQIP: the Academy of Medical Royal Colleges, the Royal College of Nursing, and National Voices. Their roles are set out in our Memorandum and Articles of Association. As allowed by our governing instruments, observers from related bodies who support our strategic governance are represented on the board.

Liability of the members

In the event of the charitable company being wound up during the period of membership, or within the year following, company members are required to contribute an amount not exceeding £10.

Structure and management reporting

Each organisation appoints representatives, acting as directors, who form the trustees of the organisation and the board of directors. If any person appointed by those organisations leaves their role, they also leave the board of HQIP and the member organisation must nominate a replacement who takes their place as a trustee. There are three representatives from each of the consortium members.

Normally a director is appointed for three years, but is eligible for re-appointment for a further three years.

Structure, governance and management (continued)

Structure and management reporting (continued)

The Board meets four times a year and additionally for special occasions. From their members they elect a Chair and a Treasurer. The secretariat role is provided by the partnership Chief Executive who is delegated to manage the charity and handle operational matters of policy. The trustees handle matters of strategic policy, including sign-off of the charity's strategic plan.

The following trustees served during the period, and were in office at 31 March 2013 except where shown:

Trustee	Appointed / Resigned
Prof. Sir Sarbaratnam Arulkumaran	Resigned September 2012
Ms Janet Davies (Chair)	
Ms Tina Donnelly	Resigned September 2012
Mr Richard Driscoll	
Mr Tim Golbourn (Treasurer)	
Mr Alastair Henderson	Appointed September 2012
Ms Anne Keatley-Clarke	
Dr Imran Rafi	
Dr Kevin Stewart	
Mr Jeremy Taylor (Vice-Chair)	

Risk management

A system for management of risk is in place and has been ratified by the trustees. Risks are minimised by internal quality control procedures and rigorous financial controls. The trustees believe that by monitoring reserves levels, by ensuring controls exist over key financial systems, and by examining the operational and business risks faced by the charity, they have established effective systems to mitigate those risks.

Employees

The charity is an equal opportunities employer and will apply objective criteria to assess merit. It aims to ensure that no job applicant or employee receives less favourable treatment on the grounds of age, race, colour, nationality, religion, ethnic or national origin, gender, marital status, sexual orientation or disability.

Selection criteria and procedures are reviewed regularly to ensure that individuals are selected, promoted and treated on the basis of their relevant merits and abilities. All employees are given equal opportunity and, where appropriate and possible, special training to enable them to progress both within and outside the organisation.

Trustees' report Year to 31 March 2013

Structure, governance and management (continued)

Statement of trustees' responsibilities

The trustees (who are also directors of HQIP for the purposes of company law) are responsible for preparing the trustees' report and financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Company law requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company and of the incoming resources and application of resources, including the income and expenditure, of the charitable company for that period. Under company law the trustees must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company and of the incoming resources and application of resources, including the income and expenditure, of the charitable company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently
- observe the methods and principles in the Statement of Recommended Practice (Accounting and Reporting by Charities) (the Charities' SORP)
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue in operation.

The trustees are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charitable company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charitable company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Each of the trustees confirms that:

- so far as the trustee is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the charitable company's auditors are unaware; and
- the trustee has taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken as a trustee in order to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the charitable company's auditors are aware of that information.

Structure, governance and management (continued)

Statement of trustees' responsibilities (continued)

The trustees are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of financial information included on the charitable company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Objectives and activities

HQIP's primary purpose is the protection and preservation of public health through charitable means of quality improvement. HQIP's primary role within this purpose is to reinvigorate clinical audit and to undertake other quality improvement activities.

Since April 2008 HQIP has been working under contract to the Department of Health in England in relation to the first of these aims to:

- promote engagement in clinical audit by healthcare professionals of all disciplines and specialties;
- create national and local partnerships between clinicians and patients/service users to optimise the impact of clinical audit;
- support local audit staff and create seamless links between national and local audit;
- foster active dissemination and implementation of audit results;
- ensure that evidence about participation in audit, and the results of audit, are used for secondary purposes, including for the revalidation of healthcare professionals;
- encourage audit in areas of low activity and links with audits outside of the NCAPOP framework; and
- engage all relevant stakeholders.

HQIP will also engage in other quality improvement activity subject to opportunity and funding, throughout the UK and beyond. HQIP works throughout the UK and forms funding relationships with all administrations. In this year HQIP also commissioned registers and databases and started work on promoting a version of clinical audit in social care settings.

During 2012 HQIP successfully re tendered for the management of the National Clinical Audit and Patient Outcomes Programme. The Board acknowledge and thank the staff of HQIP for their enthusiastic work on the tender development in what for them were uncertain times. There are changes in emphasis in the new contract which will fully come into play in the year 2013/14. This annual report effectively signs off the initial contract and work programme.

HQIP's vision

The quality of the relationship between patient and clinician and the clinical team is at the heart of good care. At the national level, we believe that partnership between professional bodies and organisations that represent patients and service users is the key to revitalising clinical audit which will be the engine which drives improvement in practice. Also, only if healthcare professionals are at the centre, will clinical audit generate meaningful and complete information about outcomes and care processes for secondary purposes, including revalidation.

Our main business areas to achieve these aims in 2012-13 are summarised below (for more detail, our Business Plan for 2012-13 is available at www.hqip.org.uk/aims-strategy).

Development of national clinical audit

This includes the procurement and contract management of the National Clinical Audit and Patient Outcomes Programme - NCAPOP and influencing and liaising with other national audits commissioned elsewhere, with these aims:

- ♦ Improving the effectiveness of the national audits funded by HQIP;
- ♦ Supporting best practice in national audit teams not funded by HQIP; and
- ♦ Developing audits that support national policy, especially in new areas of activity, and help develop audit capability (i.e. the ability to encourage change against standards) from registries and databases.

Improving and re-invigorating audit practice

- ♦ Development of resources, guidance and training to improve skills and facilitate good audit practice and clinical governance;
- ♦ Building links between audit specialists across the country, including regional networks and the National Clinical Audit Forum (NCAF);
- ♦ Promoting quality improvement following participation in national audits;

Developing audit as a profession

This area involves professionalisation of audit practice. It includes producing a strategy for developing training for audit for clinicians, including the development and support of training that meets defined standards and prepares individuals for their role in audit.

♦ The promotion of the value of audit as part of individual professional recertification and validation

This role involves providing resources that support clinicians in undertaking effective clinical audits and quality improvement as part of professional revalidation.

Trustees' report Year to 31 March 2013

HQIP's vision (continued)

 The promotion of clinical audit within service accreditation, commissioning, regulation and performance management, both internally by organisations and of organisations

This role involves helping ensure clinical audit is taken into consideration in the external regulation, commissioning and performance management of services, and as an internal quality assurance support to healthcare organisation management.

Helping support policy development

HQIP supports the National Advisory Group on Clinical Audit and Enquiries (NAGCAE) and other policy organisations and groups to advise NHS England in formulating policy related to clinical audit and to develop their strategy.

These business areas set the agenda for our main areas of practice, and our operational activity has been delivered under these headings.

Public Benefit

When setting the objectives and planning the activities of the charity for the year, the trustees have given careful consideration to the Charity Commission's guidance on public benefit.

The activities undertaken by HQIP have been designed to improve and enhance clinical practice within the NHS and other publicly accessible care and treatment settings, and hence in the public interest and for the benefit of the public.

In improving the quality of clinical services offered to patients, their lives are improved considerably. By promoting best practice in conducting reviews of whether treatment is offered in line with guidance, HQIP ensures that clinicians audit their work with the result that the quality of care is enhanced. In this way the public is assured that treatment is the best it could be, and clinicians test how well their work compares to the highest standards.

In our work to promote patient and public involvement in clinical audit, we further promote public benefit by ensuring they are sponsors and active within audit programmes.

HQIP does not use volunteers, but we do maintain a panel of patients and consumers of services who advise and quality assure our work on ensuring patient interests.

Achievement and performance

HQIP fully delivered on its contracted work on clinical audit in line with the targets and KPIs set out in our strategic plan and annual business plan for 2012-13.

Key activities

Enhancement of national clinical audit as a quality improvement tool

- ♦ Initiated work to improve clinician use of national audit findings by the appointment of an Improvement Science London and Quality Improvement Fellow to review the outputs from audits and how best to present findings to support local activity to improve the quality of patient care.
- ♦ Enhanced our methodological capacity through partnering with Imperial College (CHIR).
- ♦ Established an advisory group, comprising representatives of professional, manager and patient organisations to aid decision making and support HQIP to provide pertinent and credible guidance and training to those involved in audit and quality improvement.
- Facilitated 10 specialties, through their Societies, to work towards publishing consultant level outcome data.
- Promoted clinical audit internationally, especially in Europe, by hosting an international seminar on registers and audits in partnership with the European Society for Quality In Healthcare (ESQH). The National Lead for Quality Improvement and Development provided keynote speeches at national conferences in Ireland and Italy.
- Initiated recruitment for a medical director to increase and improve our interaction with clinicians.

Commissioning and procurement of national audits and confidential enquiries

We effectively managed a large group of audits, and confidential enquiries and improved their quality through contracting, learning, advice and guidance. We planned to:

- Commission 5 new audits:
- Review 5 audits and 2 clinical outcome review programmes as the contracts expired;
- Move 9 audits to a new funding structure;
- Actively promote and share audit reports in a greater level of detail in line with the Government's commitment to transparency;
- Continue to work with audit leads to populate data.gov.uk;
- Continue to support clinical registers and databases, including the Congenital Anomaly registers by commissioning 5 new disease specific registers.

Key activities (continued)

The National Joint Registry (NJR)

- ♦ We managed the contract for the NJR, provided support to the NJRSC and its subcommittees and overall management of the registry's business activity, to achieve greater levels of effectiveness and relevance to local clinicians, manufacturers and patients in line with the strategic plan.
- ♦ The NJR was extended to cover Northern Ireland and to incorporate elbow and shoulder joints.
- ♦ There was further international liaison including exploration of data sharing.
- Work to improve data quality and risk adjustment continued, enabling enhanced levels of data reporting.
- ♦ New ways of funding the NJR were explored to establish how costs could be shared with implant manufacturers and potentially reduced for the NHS.
- ♦ Pilot work, sponsored by the QIPP team at DH, was undertaken on a Price Benchmarking Project aimed at highlighting price variation in procurement of orthopaedic implants across England and Wales with a view to rolling out an online reporting tool capable of linking cost and quality data.
- ♦ The NJR Patient Network was established to inform its business activity and work programme.
- Two NJR research fellows were recruited to work with NJR. Notable publications included 2 BMJ publications and one Lancet publication, all publishing findings which attracted media interest.

Clinical audit re-invigoration and promotional activity

- We continued to work closely with key stakeholders, in partnership wherever possible, to develop shared use of audit findings and processes to influence and support the work of other agencies, including NICE and CQC, amongst many others.
- We continued to support the key audiences for our work with six eLearning packages for patients, GP, junior clinicians and Non-Executives, online resources and regional workshops for board members, clinicians, audit specialists and patients and trust PPI leads.
- ♦ We provided an expanded range of regional road-shows aimed at:
 - ♦ local clinicians sharing good practice and a discussion session with national audit providers.
 - onn-executive directors (NED) on the NED's role in quality improvement.
 - ♦ ambulance service NEDs and audit specialists.
- We further developed methods of sharing best practice between individuals and organisations through improving and promoting our case study webpage and increasing the number of projects. We also provided a platform for local clinicians and managers to share best practice with their regional colleagues.

Key activities (continued)

Clinical audit re-invigoration and promotional activity (continued)

- HQIP's Service User Network was instrumental in the development and production of several tools to help increase patient participation in quality improvement, including an eLearning programme for service users and the public and guidance on developing a patient panel.
- We continued to promote audit methods in social care, including development of a suite of materials for local use within the sector.

Plans for future periods

Our Business Plan for 2013-14 sets out what we will do in the forthcoming financial year. Part of this work includes an assessment of the changes and opportunities that the new NHS England contract brings, for example:

- ♦ A focus on supporting the use of national audit data by clinical teams to improve the quality of local patient services and outcomes.
- Provide quality methodological support to national audits to support high quality audit data that can be used for quality assurance and quality improvement. Establish links with academic teams to enhance this expertise.
- Develop an audit assessment framework and tool to support audit suppliers to work to the highest standards.
- ♦ Work to fully engage the clinical community in HQIP's activities and provide clinical leadership through the appointment of a medical director.
- ♦ Explore the potential for HQIP to support development of other quality improvement approaches, eg accreditation.

Specifics include work in the following areas:

National Audit and Patient Outcomes Programme (NCAPOP)

- ♦ Working collaboratively with Imperial College (CHIR) to deliver audit assessment framework and methodological support.
- Review the procurement process to ensure projects are specified in more depth prior to the tender process allowing clinicians to be fully engaged.
- Further develop the data access process to ensure the fair access for all relevant parties.
- Leading process for the public release of 10 sets of consultant specific outcome data. This included supporting 3 non-NCAPOP audits to deliver and publish via a public portal.

Plans for future periods (continued)

The National Joint Registry (NJR)

- ♦ The appointment of a Medical Director for the NJR to provide clinical leadership and implementation of new organisational arrangements to ensure continued delivery of the NJR strategic programme.
- ♦ Showcasing NJR work at major events scheduled to celebrate the NJR 10th Anniversary and the BOA Congress.
- Hosting the annual ISAR (International Society of Arthroplasty Registers) conference in England.
- Development of the electronic NJR Clinician Feedback System for use in clinician appraisal.
- ♦ Extension of NJR PROMs to 3/5 year follow-up and completing analysis of year one PROMs data.
- ♦ Development of an electronic 'clinician profile system' to support the publication of surgeon level outcome data.
- Rolling out the NHS Procurement orthopaedic pilot study nationally across England and NHS Wales.
- Development of NJR patient implant cards.

Supporting Quality Improvement in Patient Care

- Review of existing products, including training materials, in conjunction with some of the original authors and external stakeholders. Areas for development, such as training and guidance on other quality improvement methods, are also being developed with representatives of our audience.
- ♦ Regional workshops on planning for action and change management are in development for audit specialists and clinicians.
- Workshops for general practitioners in significant event audit for revalidation.
- Hold a national two day conference on 'Ensuring safety, driving improvement'. In addition to keynote speeches, master-classes and workshops, the conference will feature a national audit pavilion with representatives from NCAPOP audits and clinical outcome review projects to meet with fellow delegates. There will be an awards ceremony for HQIP-funded national clinical audit and patient outcome projects with winners voted for by the delegates on day one.

Finance report for the year

Results for the year

Income

During the year ended 31 March 2013, HQIP received income totalling £20,340,484 (2012: £14,648,188) of which £18,860,507 (2012: £13,181,257) was for restricted purposes, and £1,479,977 (2012: £1,466,931) was for the general purposes of the charity including running costs of £919,041 (2012: £937,668). Income included £8,929,877 (2012: £7,482,583) to fund the National Clinical Audit and Patient Outcomes Programme (NCAPOP) plus subscriptions of £2,615,302 (2012: £nil), £34,183 (2012: £34,183) to extend two audit projects to Scotland, and £45,042 (2012: £38,286) for members' expenses and secretariat costs incurred by the National Advisory Group on Clinical Audit and Enquiries (NAGCAE).

HQIP took over management of the Clinical Outcome Review Programmes in September 2011. In 2013, income for running costs in was £135,932 (2012: £108,422); and for programmes (the confidential enquiries), income of £2,545,038 (2012: £1,523,140) was collected from all UK Administrations. In addition, grants of £161,780 (2012: £62,160) were received from the Scottish Government.

Contributions of £24,020 toward costs of the National Review of Asthma Deaths were received from the Devolved Administrations (2012: £93,020).

Funding of £99,000 (2012: £nil) was received from the Department of Health to commission a review of data relating to children presenting at hospital with head injuries. £120,000 (2012: £nil) was received to fund multi-site audit projects, and £120,000 (2012: £nil) to support the development of registers and databases. £37,482 (2012: £nil) was received to fund work on audit methodologies.

Funding of £53,831 (2012: £nil) was received for a pilot project enabling better understanding of the benefits of using audit methods in social care settings, initially in dementia care services.

Income of £550,000 (2012: £382,216) was received for Congenital Anomalies Surveillance in England, including support to the British Isles Network of Congenital Anomalies Registers.

HQIP's core contract with the Department of Health included income of £400,000 (2012: £400,000) to support the reinvigoration of clinical audit, and £80,000 (2012: £80,000) to run national events for clinical audit practitioners.

The National Joint Registry (NJR) is financed by a levy on the sale of hip, knee and ankle implants to the NHS and independent healthcare providers in England, Wales and Northern Ireland. During 2012-13 HQIP collected levies totalling £3,292,579 (2012: £3,131,630). Other income was £58,840 (2012: £982). NJR income is held in a separate bank account to be used solely to fund the work of the Registry.

Results for the year (continued)

Expenditure

During the year to 31 March 2013, HQIP financed 30 (2012: 29) national clinical audit contracts at a total cost of £7,863,288 (2012: £7,631,217); 7 (2012: 9) multi-site or regional audit projects at a total cost of £64,776 (2012: £93,552) and funded 7 (2012: 8) condition specific databases and registers at a total cost of £66,118 (2012: £92,115). All programmes are listed overleaf.

2012-13 was the first full year during which HQIP managed the Clinical Outcome Review Programmes. Total expenditure for the period was £3,123,444 (2012: £1,174,232) including transition and running costs of £35,814 (2012:£ 83,477); governance of costs of £6,436 (2012:£2,116). Expenditure on programmes was £2,879,963 (2012:£991,492).

Expenditure on the National Review of Asthma Deaths was £280,896 (2012: £165,889).

HQIP spent £2,509,721 (2012: £2,831,850) on the management and development of the National Joint Registry. A total of £579,995 (2012: £465,588) was spent on congenital anomalies surveillance in England.

Expenditure on a project to improve the pathological diagnosis of lung cancer was £67,127 (2012: £,85,037).

The charity spent £724,468 (2012: £700,484) on the reinvigoration of clinical audit including £60,427 (2012: £49,292) on related events. Work was begun to adapt clinical audit methodologies for use in social care settings, expenditure on this was £70,533 (2012: £26,520). At 31 March 2013 HQIP retained designated funds totalling £10,718 (2012: £256,924) for these purposes.

Other direct charitable expenditure, including support costs, totalled £1,104,306 (2012: £830,459) and governance costs were £26,455 (2012: £15,714).

Financial position

The balance sheet at 31 March 2013 shows total funds of £9,044,533 (2012: £5,185,176). Restricted funds totalling £8,343,341 (2012: £4,291,342) and unrestricted funds comprising general funds of £675,894 (2012: £624,499); tangible fixed asset funds of £14,580 (2012: £12,411) and designated funds of £10,718 (2012: £256,924).

At 31 March 2013, the charity retained free reserves of £675,894 (2012: £624,499).

Reserves policy

The trustees have examined the requirement for free reserves, i.e. those unrestricted funds not invested in tangible fixed assets, designated for specific purposes or otherwise committed. The current policy is that the level of free reserves should be equivalent to three to six month's staffing and lease commitments (£498,338 to £996,676). The actual free reserves of £675,894 fall within this range.

Trustees' report Year to 31 March 2013

National Audits funded in 2012-13

Bowel Cancer

Cardiac Ambulance Services

Cardiac Intervention

Cardiac Surgery

Carotid Interventions

Childhood Epilepsy

Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease

Congenital Heart Disease

Continence Care

Dementia Care (in-patient)

Diabetes in Adults

Emergency Laparotomy

Falls and Fragility Fracture

Head and Neck Cancer

Heart Failure

Heavy Menstrual Bleeding

Inflammatory Bowel Disease

Lung Cancer

Myocardial Ischaemia

National Hip Fracture Database

National Vascular Registry

Neonatal Care

Oesophageal Gastric Cancer

Paediatric Diabetes

Paediatric Intensive Care

Pain Database

Psychological Therapies

Schizophrenia

Sentinel Stroke/Stroke Intervention

Sudden Arrhythmic Death Syndrome

Clinical Outcome Review Programmes funded in 2012-13

Child Health Review

Children's Head Injury Project

Maternal, Newborn and Infant Programme

National Confidential Enquiry into Patient Outcome and Death

National Confidential Enquiry into Suicide and Homicide by People with Mental Illness

National Review of Asthma Deaths

Multi-Site Audits funded in 2012-13

Bilateral Paediatric Cochlear Implantation

Mortality post Systemic Anti-Cancer Therapy

Preparation for Pregnancy in Women with Diabetes

Prescribing of Breakthrough Opioid Analgesia in Acute Hospitals

Safeguarding Children in General Practice

UK Renal Registry

Urinary Tract Infections in Children

Trustees' report Year to 31 March 2013

Registers funded in 2012-13

Congenital Anomalies Surveillance

British Isles Network of Congenital Anomalies Registers Congenital Anomaly Register for Oxford, Berkshire and Buckinghamshire National Down's Syndrome Cytogenetic Register Northern Congenital Anomalies Register

Other Registers and Databases

Child and Adolescent Psychiatry Surveillance System
Database of Alkaptonuria Patients
Gastro Intestinal Neuromuscular Disease Register
Henoch Registry
Idiopathic Intracranial Hypertension Database
Interstitial Lung Disease Registry
Vasculitis Register

Approved by the trustees and signed on their behalf by:

Trustee

Approved by the trustees on:

E Yanor Daros

Independent auditor's report 31 March 2013

Independent auditor's report to the members of Healthcare Quality Improvement Partnership

We have audited the financial statements of Healthcare Quality Improvement Partnership for the year ended 31 March 2013 which comprise the statement of financial activities, the balance sheet, the principal accounting policies and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the charity's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charity's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charity and the charity's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of trustees and auditor

The trustees are also the directors of the charitable company for the purposes of company law. As explained more fully in the Trustees' Responsibilities Statement set out in the Trustees' Annual Report, the trustees are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view.

Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the charitable company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the trustees; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the annual report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

• give a true and fair view of the state of the charitable company's affairs as at 31 March 2013 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for the year then ended;

Independent auditor's report 31 March 2013

Opinion on financial statements (continued)

- ♦ have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Trustees' Annual Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- ♦ adequate accounting records have not been kept or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of trustees' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Avnish Savjani, Senior Statutory Auditor

for and on behalf of Buzzacott LLP, Statutory Auditor

Syract (1)

130 Wood Street

London

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11 October 2013

Statement of financial activities Year to 31 March 2013

	Notes	Unrestricted funds	Restricted funds £	Total 2013 £	Total 2012 £
Income and expenditure					
Incoming resources					
Incoming resources from generated funds					
. Voluntary income	1	-	161,780	161,780	270,760
. Interest receivable	2	41,435	17,601	59,036	56,303
Incoming resources from charitable activities					
. Management, development and promotion of clinical audit	3	1,427,251	18,681,126	20,108,377	14,310,630
Other income					
. Miscellaneous income		11,291		11,291	10,495
Total incoming resources		1,479,977	18,860,507	20,340,484	14,648,188
Resources expended Charitable activities					
. Management, development and					
promotion of clinical audit	4	1,649,184	14,805,488	16,454,672	14,169,427
Governance costs	6	23,435	3,020	26,455	15,714
Total resources expended		1,672,619	14,808,508	16,481,127	14,185,141
Net (expenditure) income for the period/ movement in funds	7	(192,642)	4,051,999	3,859,357	463,047
Balances brought forward at 1 April 2012		893,834	4,291,342	5,185,176	4,722,129
Balances carried forward at 31 March 2013	··············	701,192	8,343,341	9,044,533	5,185,176

All gains and losses arising in the period have been included in the statement of financial activities and relate to continuing operations.

Balance sheet 31 March 2013

	Notes	2013 £	2013 £	2012 £	2012 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible fixed assets	11		14,580		12,411
Current assets					
Debtors	12	6,630,133		2,718,148	
Cash at bank and in hand		8,298,217	£	8,270,389	
		14,928,350		10,988,537	
Creditors: amounts falling due					
within one year	13	5,898,397		5,815,772	
Net current assets			9,029,953		5,172,765
Total net assets			9,044,533		5,185,176
Represented by:					
Funds and reserves					
Income funds:					
Restricted funds	14		8,343,341		4,291,342
Unrestricted funds					
. General fund		675,894		624,499	
. Tangible fixed assets fund	15	14,580		12,411	
. Designated funds	16	10,718		256,924	
			701,724		893,834
			9,044,533		5,185,176

Approved by the trustees of Healthcare Quality Improvement Partnership company registration number 06498947 (England and Wales) and signed on their behalf by:

Trustee

E /and Daves 9/10/3 Approved on:

Cash flow statement Year to 31 March 2013

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Cash at bank and in hand

Notes	2013 £	2012 £
Cash (outflow) inflow from operating activities A	(22,684)	2,586,166
Returns on investments and servicing of finance	59,036	56,303
Capital expenditure and financing investments	(8,524)	(9,937)
Increase in cash	27,828	2,632,532
Notes to the cash flow statement for the year to 31 March 2013	oflaw from a	an avating
Adjustment of net incoming resources to net cash (outflow) in activities	ntiow from o	perating
	2013 £	2012 £
Net incoming resources Depreciation charge Interest receivable (Increase) decrease in debtors Increase in creditors	3,859,357 6,355 (59,036) (3,911,985) 82,625	463,047 12,155 (56,303) 897,354 1,269,913
Net cash (outflow) inflow from operating activities	(22,684)	2,586,166
Gross cash flows	2013 £	2012 f
Returns on investments and servicing of finance Interest received	59,036	56,303
Capital expenditure and financial investment	2013 £	2012 £
Payments to acquire tangible fixed assets	(8,524)	(9,937)
Analysis of changes in net funds At 1 April 2012 £	Cash flows £	At 31 March 2013 £

8,270,389

27,828

8,298,217

Principal accounting policies 31 March 2013

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006. The principles set out in applicable United Kingdom accounting standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) and those contained within the Statement of Recommended Practice "Accounting and Reporting by Charities" (SORP 2005) have been followed in these financial statements.

Incoming resources

Incoming resources are recognised net of VAT in the period in which the charity is entitled to receipt and the amount can be measured with reasonable certainty. Income is deferred only when the charity has to fulfil conditions before becoming entitled to it or where the donor or funder has specified that the income is to be expended in a future accounting period.

Funding from government and other agencies have been included as income from charitable activities where these amount to either a contract for services or the charity has acted as agents. However where the money is given in response to an appeal or with greater freedom of use, for example monies for core funding, then this has been treated as a donation.

Resources expended and the basis of apportioning costs

Expenditure is included in the statement of financial activities when incurred and excludes attributable VAT where it can be recovered.

Resources expended comprise the following:

- a. The costs of activities in furtherance of the charity's objects comprise expenditure on the charity's primary charitable purposes as described in the trustees' report. Such costs include:
 - ♦ National Clinical Audit and Patient Outcomes Programme: amounts expended on the commissioning of national clinical audits
 - ♦ NAGCAE (National Advisory Group on Clinical Audit and Enquiries): members' expenses and cost of meetings
 - ♦ Clinical Outcome Review Programmes: amounts spent on the management of four confidential enquiries (medical and surgical, mental health, maternal and infant, child heath) and the National Review of Asthma Deaths
 - ♦ National Joint Registry: expenditure relating to the management of the contract for the Registry

Principal accounting policies 31 March 2013

Resources expended and the basis of apportioning costs (continued)

- Congenital Anomalies Surveillance and support to other condition specific registers and databases.
- ♦ Reinvigoration of audit and events:
 - A Reinvigoration: expenditure relating to the promotion and advancement of clinical audit as a means of improving the provision of healthcare
 - ♦ Events: the hosting of local and national events for audit practitioners, including seminars and conferences for local audit specialists
- b. Support costs represent indirect charitable expenditure. In order to carry out the primary purposes of the charity it is necessary to provide support in the form of personnel development, financial procedures, provision of office services and equipment and a suitable working environment. Such costs are allocated across the activities of the charity based on an estimate of staff time.
- c. Governance costs are the costs of governance arrangements which relate to the general running of the charity and include audit fees, any legal advice for trustees and costs associated with constitutional and statutory requirements e.g. the cost of trustees' meetings and preparing statutory financial statements.

Tangible fixed assets

All assets costing more than £500 and with an expected useful life exceeding one year are capitalised.

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write each asset off over its estimated useful life:

♦ Computer and similar equipment 33% per annum based on cost

Furniture and general office equipment 20% per annum based on cost

Fund accounting

Restricted funds comprise monies whose use is restricted to, a specific purpose, or is subject to donor imposed conditions.

Designated funds comprise monies set aside out of unrestricted general funds for specific future purposes or projects.

The tangible fixed assets fund comprises the net book value of charity's tangible fixed assets, the existence of which is fundamental to the charity being able to perform its charitable work and thereby achieve its charitable objectives. The value represented by such assets should not be regarded, therefore, as realisable.

Principal accounting policies 31 March 2013

Fund accounting (continued)

General unrestricted funds represent those monies which are freely available for application towards achieving any charitable purpose that falls within the charity's charitable objects.

Leased assets

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Pension costs

a. NHS scheme:

It is not possible for HQIP to identify its share of the underlying scheme liabilities in relation to the NHS final salary pension scheme, consequently the scheme is accounted for as a defined contribution scheme and the cost of the scheme is equal to the contributions payable to the scheme for the accounting period. Those employers contributing under Direction status have their pension cost contributions charged to operating expenses as and when they become due.

b. Defined contribution scheme:

The cost of the scheme is equal to the contributions payable to the scheme for the accounting period.

1	Voluntary income				
		Unrestricted	Restricted	Total	Total
		funds £	funds £	2013 £	2012 £
	The Health Foundation Grant	, <u> </u>			40,000
	Government Grants		161,780	161,780	62,160
	Eli Lilly & Co Ltd	_	—	22:01 S. C. D. D. D.	168,600
		8 1.000	161,780	161,780	270,760
2	Interest receivable				
_		Unrestricted	Restricted	Total	Total
		funds	funds	2013	2012
		<u>f</u>	£	£	f_
	Bank interest receivable	41,435	17,601	59,036	56,303
3	Incoming resources from charitable	e activities			
_	incoming resources from analitasis	Unrestricted	Restricted	Total	Total
		funds	funds	2013	2012
		<u> </u>	£	£_	f
	Income from Contracts				
	Department of Health England				
	. Management support fee	919,041		919,041	937,668
	. NCAPOP National Audits	\leftarrow	8,929,877	8,929,877	7,482,583
	. NCAPOP Subscriptions	_	2,615,302	2,615,302	-
	. NCAPOP administration fees	28,210	_	28,210	_
	. Audit Methodology		37,482	37,482	_
	. NCAPOP Support Costs	· -	20,000	20,000	
	. CORP Transition Costs	3 	125 022	425.022	98,500
	. CORP Running Costs	_	135,932	135,932 550,000	108,422 382,216
	. Congenital Anomalies Surveillance . NAGCAE		550,000 45,042	45,042	38,286
	. Head Injuries project	_	99,000	99,000	36,260
	. Dementia Care Audit Pilot Project		53,831	53,831	4 <u>/</u>
	. Multi-Site Audit Funding	-	120,000	120,000	_
	. Registry Development	-	120,000	120,000	_
	. Reinvigoration of clinical audit	400,000	-	400,000	400,000
	. Events	80,000	-	80,000	80,000
		1,427,251	12,726,466	14,153,717	9,527,675
	All UK Administrations	\ 			
	. National Review of Asthma Deaths		24,020	24,020	93,020
	. CORP Programme income	-	2,545,038	2,545,038	1,523,140
	. NCAPOP (Scottish Contribution)	_	34,183	34,183	34,183
	Other				
	. NJR Levy income	_	3,292,579	3,292,579	3,131,630
	. NJR other income		58,840	58,840	982
		=	5,954,660	5,954,660	4,782,955
		1,427,251	18,681,126	20,108,377	14,310,630

	Unrestricted funds £	Restricted funds £	Total 2013 £	Tota 201
Management, development and promotion of clinical audit				
National Clinical Audit and Patient Outcomes Programme (NCAPOP)				
. NCAPOP national audits	-	7,863,288	7,863,288	7,631,21
. NCAPOP Scottish extensions	-	3	-	34,18
. NCAPOP retendering	-	24,453	24,453	45,57
. Methodological Support		25,000	25,000	-
. Outcomes Publication (Surgeon Level Data)	-	1,328	1,328	-
. Transition costs	-	21,308	21,308	57,03
. Regional and multi-site audits	-	64,776	64,776	93,55
. Staff costs	545,093	7,497	552,590	467,54
. Support costs	362,885	4	362,885	260,30
. Bad debt expense	-	72,196	72,196	
,,	907,978	8,079,846	8,987,824	8,589,41
National Joint Registry (NJR)				
. NJR programme costs	-	2,138,089	2,138,089	2,494,67
. Staff costs	_	227,200	227,200	217,52
. Support costs	_	144,432	144,432	119,64
		2,509,721	2,509,721	2,831,85
Clinical Outcomes Review Programmes (CORP) – Confidential Enquiries . Programme costs	.—	2,879,963	2,879,963	991,49
. Transition and running costs	_	35,814	35,814	83,47
. Head Injuries project	_	51,459	51,459	
. Staff costs	_	115,172	115,172	65,12
. Support costs	-	34,300	34,300	32,02
. Governance	(<u>****</u>	6,436	6,436	2,11
		3,123,144	3,123,144	1,174,23
National Review of Asthma Deaths		280,896	280,896	165,88
Congenital Anomalies Surveillance	_	579,995	579,995	443,49
. Support costs	-	-	 1	22,09
**		579,995	579,995	465,58
Other Registers and Databases		66,118	66,118	92,11
Diagnosis of Lung Cancer Project	_	67,127	67,127	63,03
. Support costs	-			22,00
		67,127	67,127	85,03
NAGCAE				
. Members' expenses and meeting costs	-	28,219	28,219	22,31
. Staff costs	_	16,627	16,627	15,98
. Juli costs		44,846	44,846	38,30
Control (control	250 500	se epolonomia dependent	Town Charles on Charles	CONTROL TRANSPORT - APRIL
Carried forward	907,978	14,751,693	15,659,671	13,442,42

	61 1. 1.1		/
4	Charitable	activities	(continued)

Charitable activities (continued)	Unrestricted funds £	Restricted funds £	Total 2013 £	Total 2012 £
Brought forward	907,978	14,751,693	15,659,671	13,442,423
Reinvigoration of Clinical Audit				
. Product development	130,497	-	130,497	97,071
. Education and training	73,727	<u> </u>	73,727	107,143
. Events	60,427	-	60,427	49,292
. THF Demonstration Project		-	::	21,737
. Staff costs	279,276	-	279,276	275,681
. Support costs	180,541	-	180,541	149,560
	724,468		724,468	700,484
Audit and Social Care				
. Development work	6,573	-	6,573	8,498
. Dementia Care Audit Pilot Project	-	39,280	39,280	-
. Staff costs	10,165	14,515	24,680	18,022
	16,738	53,795	70,533	26,520
	1,649,184	14,805,488	16,454,672	14,169,427

5 Support costs

	Total 2013 £	Total 2012 £
Staff costs	319,356	293,294
Staff training	12,885	5,737
Staff recruitment	12,684	11,996
Advertising and publicity	22,306	12,508
Financing and bank charges	1,295	1,001
Communications resources	3,520	13,633
Premises costs (rent and facilities charges)	184,671	148,407
Computer equipment and software	10,481	13,368
IT support	22,424	25,087
Printing and stationery	20,896	10,795
Postage	2,879	1,111
Telephone	8,903	5,996
Other accommodation costs and		
room hire	1,450	1,695
Travel, subsistence and accommodation	4,504	4,058
Catering	7,907	3,620
Subscriptions	6,832	3,401
Communications	20,779	6,620
Other meeting and premises costs	8,754	4,543
Insurance	12,398	13,260
Professional Fees – HR consultancy	26,624	7,382
Miscellaneous expenses	4,255	5,957
Depreciation	6,355	12,155
	722,158	605,624

5 Support costs (continued)

Support costs have been allocated on the basis of staff time expended in each area as follows:

	Total 2013 £	Total 2012 £
Contract Management and Commissioning	362,885	260,300
CORP	34,300	32,024
National Joint Registry	144,432	119,648
Congenital Anomalies Surveillance		22,092
Diagnosis of Lung Cancer Project	=	22,000
Reinvigoration of Clinical Audit	144,432	119,648
Events	36,109	29,912
	722,158	605,624

6 Governance costs

	Unrestricted funds £	Restricted funds <u>£</u>	Total 2013 £	Total 2012 £
Audit fees	12,080	3,020	15,100	15,200
Legal and professional fees	11,143	(400)	11,143	514
Trustee expenses	212	-	212	
8	23,435	3,020	26,455	15,714

7 Net movement in funds

This is stated after charging:

	Unrestricted funds £	Restricted funds £	Total 2013 £	Total 2012 f
Staff costs (note 8)	1,153,890	381,011	1,534,901	1,353,177
Auditors' remuneration				
. Statutory audit services				
Current year	12,080	3,020	15,100	14,800
Prior year under provision			-	400
. Other services	19,129	1	19,129	37,445
Depreciation	6,355	-	6,355	12,155
Operating lease rentals	161,245	_	161,245	127,500

8 Employees and staff costs

Staff costs during the period were as follows:

	2013 £	2012 £
Wages and salaries	1,216,841	1,033,413
Social security costs	128,649	108,524
Pension costs (Scottish Equitable)	54,573	45,072
Pension costs (NHS)	26,023	26,764
	1,426,086	1,213,773
Pensions admin fees and income protection insurance	1,700	3,200
Cost of secondments	25,929	_
Cost of agency staff	27,545	25,790
Consultancy fees	53,641	110,414
	1,534,901	1,353,177
Staff costs have been allocated as follows:	2013 £	2012 f
Contract Management and Commissioning	552,590	467,546
NAGCAE	16,627	15,986
National Joint Registry	227,200	217,525
Reinvigoration of Clinical Audit	279,276	275,681
Audit & Social Care	10,165	18,022
Clinical Outcomes Review Programmes (CORP)	115,172	65,123
The Health Foundation Project	14,515	_
Support costs	319,356	293,294
	1,534,901	1,353,177

The average number of employees during the period and the actual numbers at 31 March 2013, calculated on a full time equivalent basis, analysed by function, was as follows:

	2013 Average Number	Actual number at 31 March 2013	2012 Average Number	Actual number at 31 March 2012
Charitable activities				
. Contract Management and Commissioning	6.6	8	6.1	7
. Clinical Outcomes Review Programmes	1.9	2	1.1	2
. NJR & National Development Team	5.1	6	4.9	6
. Reinvigoration of Audit & Events	5.0	5	4.7	5
. Support	2.5	4	3.6	4
. Management and administration	3.7	4	3.0	3
	24.8	29	23.4	27

8 Employees and staff costs (continued)

The number of employees earning more than £60,000 per annum or more (including taxable benefits but excluding employer pension contributions) during the period was as follows:

	2013 £	2012 £
£60,000 - 70,000	2	2
£70,001 - 80,000	2	1
£80,001 - 90,000	1	1
	5	4

HQIP made contributions to defined contribution pension schemes totalling £32,087 (2012: £23,072) in respect of these employees.

9 Trustees' remuneration

None of the trustees received any remuneration in respect of their services during the period (2012: £nil).

During the year out of pocket travelling expenses amounting to £212 were reimbursed to one trustee (2012: £nil).

The charity has purchased insurance to protect the charity from any loss arising from the neglect or defaults of its trustees, employees and agents and to indemnify the trustees or other officers against the consequences of any neglect or default on their part. The insurance premium paid by the charity during the period totalled $\mathcal{L}7,420$ (2012: $\mathcal{L}7,969$) and provides cover of up to a maximum of $\mathcal{L}10$ million (any one claim or the aggregate during one period of insurance – being 12 months).

10 Taxation

HQIP is a registered charity and therefore is not liable to income tax or corporation tax on income derived from its charitable activities, as it falls within the various exemptions available to registered charities.

11 Tangible fixed assets

	fixtures, fittings & equipment £
Cost	
At 1 April 2012	43,869
Additions	8,524
At 31 March 2013	52,393
Depreciation	
At 1 April 2012	31,458
Charge for year	6,355
At 31 March 2013	37,813
Net book values	
At 31 March 2013	14,580
At 31 March 2012	. 12,411

Civeuros

12 Debtors

	2013 £	2012 £
Trade debtors	4,860,601	1,776,213
Prepayments and other debtors	637,811	427,721
Accrued income	1,131,721	514,214
	6,630,133	2,718,148

13 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

2013 £	2012 f
2,595,497	2,720,399
47,832	42,900
560,653	660,247
1,609,415	395,840
1,085,000	1,996,386
5,898,397	5,815,772
	£ 2,595,497 47,832 560,653 1,609,415 1,085,000

14 Restricted funds

The income funds of the charity include restricted funds comprising the following unexpended balances of grants held on trust to be applied for specific purposes:

NCAPOP 129,200 8,914,877 7,863,288 2,538,653 3,719,442 NCAPOP Subscriptions — 2,615,302 72,196 (2,543,106) — Audit methodology — 37,482 25,000 — 12,482 Outcomes Publication (Surgeon Level Data) — 15,000 8,825 — 6,175 NCAPOP Scottish extensions — 34,183 — 34,183 — 34,183 — 75,914 NCAPOP transition costs 97,222 — 21,308 — 75,914 NCAPOP retendering — 20,000 24,453 4,453 — NAGCAE (66) 45,042 44,846 — 130 Multi-site/Regional audits 127,813 120,000 64,776 — 183,037 National Review of Asthma Deaths (NRAD) 531,656 24,020 280,896 — 274,780 CORP transition and running costs 593,808 2,706,818 2,879,963 (31,608) 389,055 Head Injuries Project — 99,000 51,459 — 47,541 — 47,541 Dementia Care Audit Pilot Project — 53,831 53,795 <th></th>	
Audit methodology — 37,482 25,000 — 12,482 Outcomes Publication (Surgeon Level Data) — 15,000 8,825 — 6,175 NCAPOP Scottish extensions NCAPOP transition costs 97,222 — 21,308 — 75,914 NCAPOP retendering NAGCAE — 20,000 24,453 4,453 — NAGCAE (66) 45,042 44,846 — 130 Multi-site/Regional audits 127,813 120,000 64,776 — 183,037 National Review of Asthma Deaths (NRAD) 531,656 24,020 280,896 — 274,780 CORP transition and running costs 593,808 2,706,818 2,879,963 (31,608) 389,055 Head Injuries Project — 99,000 51,459 — 47,541 Dementia Care Audit Pilot Project — 53,831 53,795 — 367 National Joint Registry 2,616,346 3,369,020 2,512,741 — 3,472,625	NCAPOP
Outcomes Publication (Surgeon Level Data) — 15,000 8,825 — 6,175 NCAPOP Scottish extensions NCAPOP transition costs 97,222 — 21,308 — 75,914 NCAPOP retendering NAGCAE (66) 45,042 44,846 — 130 Multi-site/Regional audits National Review of Asthma Deaths (NRAD) 531,656 24,020 280,896 — 274,780 CORP transition and running costs 24,182 135,932 191,722 31,608 — CORP Programme costs 593,808 2,706,818 2,879,963 (31,608) 389,055 Head Injuries Project — 99,000 51,459 — 47,541 Dementia Care Audit Pilot Project — 53,831 53,795 — 3,472,625 National Joint Registry 2,616,346 3,369,020 2,512,741 — 3,472,625	NCAPOP Subscriptions
(Surgeon Level Data) — 15,000 8,825 — 6,175 NCAPOP Scottish extensions — 34,183 — — 34,183 NCAPOP transition costs 97,222 — 21,308 — 75,914 NCAPOP retendering — 20,000 24,453 4,453 — NAGCAE (66) 45,042 44,846 — 130 Multi-site/Regional audits 127,813 120,000 64,776 — 183,037 National Review of Asthma Deaths (NRAD) 531,656 24,020 280,896 — 274,780 CORP transition and running costs 593,808 2,706,818 2,879,963 (31,608) 389,055 Head Injuries Project — 99,000 51,459 — 47,541 Dementia Care Audit Pilot — 53,831 53,795 — 36,625 National Joint Registry 2,616,346 3,369,020 2,512,741 — 3,472,625	Audit methodology
NCAPOP Scottish extensions — 34,183 — — 34,183 NCAPOP transition costs 97,222 — 21,308 — 75,914 NCAPOP retendering — 20,000 24,453 4,453 — NAGCAE (66) 45,042 44,846 — 130 Multi-site/Regional audits 127,813 120,000 64,776 — 183,037 National Review of Asthma Deaths (NRAD) 531,656 24,020 280,896 — 274,780 CORP transition and running costs 593,808 2,706,818 2,879,963 (31,608) 389,055 Head Injuries Project — 99,000 51,459 — 47,541 Dementia Care Audit Pilot Project — 53,831 53,795 — 36,772,625 National Joint Registry 2,616,346 3,369,020 2,512,741 — 3,472,625	Outcomes Publication
NCAPOP transition costs 97,222 — 21,308 — 75,914 NCAPOP retendering — 20,000 24,453 4,453 — NAGCAE (66) 45,042 44,846 — 130 Multi-site/Regional audits 127,813 120,000 64,776 — 183,037 National Review of Asthma Deaths (NRAD) 531,656 24,020 280,896 — 274,780 CORP transition and running 24,182 135,932 191,722 31,608 — CORP Programme costs 593,808 2,706,818 2,879,963 (31,608) 389,055 Head Injuries Project — 99,000 51,459 — 47,541 Dementia Care Audit Pilot Project — 53,831 53,795 — 36 National Joint Registry 2,616,346 3,369,020 2,512,741 — 3,472,625	(Surgeon Level Data)
NCAPOP retendering — 20,000 24,453 4,453 — NAGCAE (66) 45,042 44,846 — 130 Multi-site/Regional audits 127,813 120,000 64,776 — 183,037 National Review of Asthma Deaths (NRAD) 531,656 24,020 280,896 — 274,780 CORP transition and running 24,182 135,932 191,722 31,608 — costs CORP Programme costs 593,808 2,706,818 2,879,963 (31,608) 389,055 Dementia Care Audit Pilot Project — 99,000 51,459 — 47,541 National Joint Registry 2,616,346 3,369,020 2,512,741 — 3,472,625	NCAPOP Scottish extensions
NAGCAE (66) 45,042 44,846 — 130 Multi-site/Regional audits 127,813 120,000 64,776 — 183,037 National Review of Asthma Deaths (NRAD) 531,656 24,020 280,896 — 274,780 CORP transition and running 24,182 135,932 191,722 31,608 — costs CORP Programme costs 593,808 2,706,818 2,879,963 (31,608) 389,055 Head Injuries Project — 99,000 51,459 — 47,541 Dementia Care Audit Pilot Project — 53,831 53,795 — 36 National Joint Registry 2,616,346 3,369,020 2,512,741 — 3,472,625	NCAPOP transition costs
Multi-site/Regional audits 127,813 120,000 64,776 — 183,037 National Review of Asthma 531,656 24,020 280,896 — 274,780 CORP transition and running costs 24,182 135,932 191,722 31,608 — CORP Programme costs 593,808 2,706,818 2,879,963 (31,608) 389,055 Head Injuries Project — 99,000 51,459 — 47,541 Dementia Care Audit Pilot Project — 53,831 53,795 — 36 National Joint Registry 2,616,346 3,369,020 2,512,741 — 3,472,625	NCAPOP retendering
National Review of Asthma Deaths (NRAD) 531,656 24,020 280,896 — 274,780 CORP transition and running 24,182 135,932 191,722 31,608 — costs CORP Programme costs 593,808 2,706,818 2,879,963 (31,608) 389,055 Head Injuries Project — 99,000 51,459 — 47,541 Dementia Care Audit Pilot Project — 53,831 53,795 — 36 National Joint Registry 2,616,346 3,369,020 2,512,741 — 3,472,625	NAGCAE
Deaths (NRAD) 531,656 24,020 280,896 — 274,780 CORP transition and running costs 24,182 135,932 191,722 31,608 — CORP Programme costs 593,808 2,706,818 2,879,963 (31,608) 389,055 Head Injuries Project — 99,000 51,459 — 47,541 Dementia Care Audit Pilot Project — 53,831 53,795 — 36 National Joint Registry 2,616,346 3,369,020 2,512,741 — 3,472,625	Multi-site/Regional audits
CORP transition and running 24,182 135,932 191,722 31,608 — costs CORP Programme costs 593,808 2,706,818 2,879,963 (31,608) 389,055 Head Injuries Project — 99,000 51,459 — 47,541 Dementia Care Audit Pilot Project — 53,831 53,795 — 36 National Joint Registry 2,616,346 3,369,020 2,512,741 — 3,472,625	National Review of Asthma
costs CORP Programme costs 593,808 2,706,818 2,879,963 (31,608) 389,055 Head Injuries Project — 99,000 51,459 — 47,541 Dementia Care Audit Pilot Project — 53,831 53,795 — 36 National Joint Registry 2,616,346 3,369,020 2,512,741 — 3,472,625	Deaths (NRAD)
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Other Registers and Databases 57,885 120,000 66,118 (262) 111,505	
Diagnosis of Lung Cancer	Diagnosis of Lung Cancer
Project 83,563 — 67,127 — 16,43 6	Project
4,291,342 18,860,507 14,808,508 — 8,343,34	·

14 Restricted funds (continued)

The specific purposes for which the funds are to be applied are as follows:

NCAPOP – National Clinical Audit and Patient Outcomes Programme

Management of the National Clinical Audit and Patient Outcomes Programme (NCAPOP), servicing existing contracts and commissioning new audits according to priorities set by the National Advisory Group on Clinical Audit and Enquiries (NAGCAE).

Funds for multi-site and regional audit projects are shown separately.

NAGCAE – National Advisory Group on Clinical Audit and Enquiries

Fees and expenses (including venue and committee administration costs) incurred by members of the National Advisory Group on Clinical Audit & Enquiries whose function is to make decisions about the strategic direction of clinical audit in England.

NJR - National Joint Registry

To fund work to ensure that patients obtain the best clinical care during and following their joint replacement operation. To provide patients, clinicians, healthcare purchasers, commissioners, regulators and implant suppliers with evidence as to which are the best performing implants, ensuring that NHS and other healthcare resources are best used. NJR funds are held in a separate bank account.

NRAD – National Review of Asthma Deaths

A three-year study bringing together medical professionals, patient organisations and families to collect details of deaths from asthma in hospitals and in the community across the UK, with the aim of improving care and reducing mortality.

♦ CORP - Clinical Outcome Review Programmes

Comprises confidential enquiries designed to stimulate improvements in safety and effectiveness by enabling clinicians, managers and policy makers to learn from adverse events and other relevant data. Coverage is UK-wide, and the programme includes four studies: deaths following medical and surgical intervention; suicides and homicide among people with mental illness; a child health review, and maternal, infant and perinatal mortality.

Congenital Anomalies Surveillance

HQIP managed grants to three congenital anomalies surveillance registers and a national umbrella organisation on behalf of Department of Health.

♦ Registers

Funds disbursed to other condition specific registers and databases.

14 Restricted funds (continued)

Head injuries project

Data on approximately 6,000 children who attended hospital with a head injury is being reviewed to determine how the early management of head injury in children affects health outcomes, identifying factors associated with adverse outcomes.

Dementia Care Audit Pilot Project

This project will enable a better understanding of the benefits of using care audit methods in social care settings. It will allow providers to test the quality of their practice against recognised standards in the area of dementia care.

Diagnosis of Lung Cancer Project

A project supporting improvements in the pathological diagnosis of lung cancer.

15 Tangible fixed assets fund

	At 1 April 2012 £	Additions £	Depreciation £	At 31 March 2013 £
Fixtures, fittings and equipment	12,411	8,524	(6,355)	14,580

The tangible fixed assets fund represents the net book value of the charity's tangible fixed assets.

16 Designated funds

The income fund of the charity includes the following designated funds which have been set aside out of unrestricted funds by the trustees for specific purposes:

	At 1 April 2012 £	New designations £	Utilised/ released £	Transfers £	At 31 March 2013 £
Reinvigoration of clinical audit	223,648	400,000	627,932	4,284	
Events	29,796	80,000	96,536	(4,284)	8,976
Audit and social care	3,480	15,000	16,738		1,742
	256,924	495,000	741,206		10,718

The above funds have been set aside for reinvigoration of clinical audit, training and product development, and the promotion of audit through local and national events.

17 Analysis of net assets between funds

	General fund £	Tangible fixed assets fund £	Designated funds £	Restricted funds £	Total 2013 £
Fund balances at 31 March 2013 are represented by:					
Tangible fixed assets	P+	14,580		N 	14,580
Current assets Creditors: amounts falling	1,348,434	-	44,808	13,535,108	14,928,350
due within one year	(672,540)	_	(34,090)	(5,191,767)	(5,898,397)
Total net assets	675,894	14,580	10,718	8,343,341	9,044,533

18 Contractual commitments

At 31 March 2013 the charity had no commitments in respect of contract payments approved for national clinical audits and which had not been accrued due to necessary milestones not being achieved by the providers at the period end.

19 Leasing commitments

Operating leases

At 31 March 2013 the charity had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	Land and	buildings
	2013 £	2012 £
Operating leases which expire:		
Within one year	99,000	12,750
Within two to five years	<u> </u>	148,500
an .	99,000	161,250

20 Pension commitments

HQIP operates a money purchase pension scheme for most employees however four staff were eligible for Direction status and HQIP therefore contributed to the NHS pension scheme for these employees (one of whom left during the course of 2011-12).

The NHS Pension Scheme is an unfunded, defined benefit scheme that covers NHS employers, general practices and other bodies, allowed under the direction of Secretary of State, in England and Wales. As a consequence it is not possible for HQIP to identify its share of the underlying scheme liabilities. The scheme is accounted for as a defined contribution scheme and the cost of the scheme is equal to the contributions payable to the scheme for the accounting period.

20 Pension commitments (continued)

Employers contributing under Direction status have their pension cost contributions charged to operating expenses as and when they become due. Employer contribution rates are reviewed every four years (previously five years) following an actuarial investigation carried out by the scheme actuary. On advice from the actuary the contribution rate may be varied from time to time to reflect changes in the scheme's liabilities. At the last actuarial investigation on which contribution rates were based (31 March 2004) employer contribution rates were set at 14% of pensionable pay.

A copy of the actuarial investigation and latest resource accounts can be viewed on the NHS Business Services Authority website http://www.nhsbsa.nhs.uk/Pensions/Valuation.aspx

Total pension costs in the period were £80,595 (2012: £71,836) and £9,993 (2012: £9,517) were payable at 31 March 2013.

21 Related party transactions

HQIP has provided funding to the Royal College of Physicians (the RCP) relating to national clinical audit projects amounting to £2,123,954 (2012: £1,844,492) with £754,939 (2012: £443,091) payable at the period end. Dr Kevin Stewart, who is a trustee/director of HQIP, is also Clinical Director of the RCP's Clinical Effectiveness and Evaluation Unit. Jane Ingham, who is the Interim Chief Executive of HQIP, is also the director of the Clinical Standards Department at the RCP. Dr Stewart and Ms Ingham took no part in the decision-making process through which contracts were awarded.

22 Liability of members

The charity is constituted as a company limited by guarantee. In the event of the charity being wound up members are required to contribute an amount not exceeding £10.